



# *The Geodesic project*

## *Yet Another Digital Mathematics Library...*



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# Part I

*A recap on the  
Digital Mathematics Library*

## *Intro: A mathematician's dream*

### *The original vision*

“ In light of mathematicians' reliance on their discipline's rich **published heritage** and the key role of mathematics in **enabling** other scientific disciplines, the Digital Mathematics Library strives to make the **entirety** of **past** mathematics scholarship available **online**, at **reasonable cost**, in the form of an **authoritative and enduring** digital collection, **developed and curated** by a network of **institutions**. ”

(Cornell NSF project 2002,  
endorsed by IMU 2006)



## *Towards a (comprehensive) digital math library?*

**A quotation of Jean-Pierre Serre** (according to Michel Broué)

““ Mathematicians just make their results available to everyone  
as if they were on shelves, waiting to be fetched.””

« Les mathématiciens se contentent de mettre leur production à la disposition  
de tous, comme sur des étagères où l'on peut venir se servir. »

**A remark from a colleague** to whom I showed a preview of the first online  
posting of Numdam (Dec. 2002, 2 journals):

““ Why isn't it all there?””

## Full corpus: 5,300,000 items?

- It is estimated that about 500,000 items were published before the advent of systematic reviewing
- The math databases hold about 5 million references
- and grow by 100,000+ each year
- This makes the past scholarship an ever diminishing part of the lot. . .
- but there are essential building blocks of current knowledge there!
- I will focus on rare items, difficult to find
- Open access gaining momentum in the 21th Century doesn't mean the DML problem is solved for recent years, but issues are different (getting the OA content sustainably archived *out* of publishers platforms, e.g.)



## Full corpus: a long distance target



GDZ 2001: 60,000 items



Numdam 2003: 2,600 items



mini-DML 2015: 400,000 items  
(including project preprints)



EuDML 2024: 271,000 items



Numdam 2024: 72,600 items



Geodesic 2025: 1,000,000+ items?



# The Digital Mathematics Library

## A Timeline (1/2)

- 2001 Emergence of “local DMLs” (GDZ, ERAM, Numdam. . . )
- 2002 **John Ewing**. “Twenty Centuries of Mathematics: Digitizing and Disseminating the Past Mathematical Literature”. *Notices of the AMS*, 49(7):771–777, August 2002
- 2001– Mathematical Knowledge Management meetings
  - Reviewing databases start adding links to full texts: Is this the way to go?
- 2002-2003 Digital Mathematics Library inception: NSF planning project (2002-2003, Cornell University Library) “toward the establishment of a comprehensive, international, distributed collection of digital information and published knowledge in mathematics”
- 2003–2010 EMS’ EoI to the European Commission (2003), support of pilot implementation proposals to EC or ESF programmes (FP6, eContentplus, Forward look. . . )
- 2004 **mini-DML**: a proof-of-concept of content aggregation



# The Digital Mathematics Library

## A Timeline (2/2)

- 2006 Official IMU support (Vision, Best practices)
- 2005 AMS/MSRI proposal to the Moore foundation (others will follow...)
- 2008–2018 DML workshops, then DML track within CICM: technical challenges
- 2010-2013 **EuDML**: The first medium-scale, professionally-built, supra-national effort
- 2012 Future World Heritage Digital Mathematics Library workshop/Planning a Global Library of the Mathematical Sciences report (NAS, Washington DC)
- 2014 IMU creates the GDML working group
- 2016 The GDML working group fosters the creation of the International Mathematical Knowledge Trust (IMKT)
- 2021 **zbMath** database becomes **Open**
- 2023 Geodesic project funded
- 2024 “MPS Workshop on Perspectives on Electronic Information and Communication in the Mathematical Sciences” (NYC) meeting organized by IMU’s CEIC





# The European Digital Mathematics Library

## *EuDML Vision (2008)*

The Digital Mathematics Library should assemble **as much as possible** of the digital mathematical corpus in order to

- help **preserving** it over the long term,
- make it **available online**
- possibly after some embargo period (**eventual open access**),
- in the form of an **authoritative** and **enduring** digital collection,
- **growing** continuously with publisher supplied new content,
- **augmented** with sophisticated search interfaces and interoperability services,
- developed and curated by a network of **institutions**

⇒ **EuDML**, pilot implementation with content from 12 European partners

# EuDML initiative

## Policies

### A distributed archive

- 1 EuDML local libraries are public or non-profit institutions with a long-term interest in preservation and delivery of some part of the digital mathematical corpus
- 2 Publishers should provide content through local DMLs unless they are themselves of the kind above

### A content provider needs to agree on these

- 1 The texts in EuDML must have been scientifically validated and formally published.
- 2 EuDML items must be open access after a finite embargo period. Once documents contributed to the library are made open access due to this policy, they cannot revert to closed access later on.
- 3 The digital full text of each item contributed to EuDML must be archived physically at one of the EuDML member institutions.  
More at <https://initiative.eudml.org/policies-annex>



# EuDML : The Conjecture

Hence the name

$$U = \frac{W}{2}$$



$$\text{Europe} = \text{World}/2$$



EuDML is half the effort to build the WDML

- Optimistic conjecture!
  - Project followed-up by the EuDML initiative founded in 2014  
But the content aggregation is stalled
- ⇒ We need to go ahead



## Part II

*Work in progress:  
The Geodesic project*

# The Geodesic Project

## Abstract

- To develop a DML (Digital Mathematics Library) to make it easier to find the existing Open Access mathematical literature
- Make 'F' in FAIR a reality

## Profile

- Funded by FNSO (French National fund for Open Science, ministry of Research)
- Duration: 2 years
- Staff hired:
  - 1 librarian
  - 1 developer
  - + permanent staff part-time
  - + advisory committee with math and library expertise



# The Geodesic Project

## The goal

### Standing on the shoulders of EuDML...

- A one-stop shop for math content hosted on trusted platforms
- All relevant content types
- As high quality metadata as available
- Open Access is mandatory (eventual OA is a minimum)
- Not a broker for publisher content (e.g. Bronze OA)

### ... while building a full replacement

- EuDML content ingested to bootstrap in a different platform
- Automated updates direct from the EuDML provider  
Numdam: Astérisque, CR Math; BDIM; DML-CZ; ElibM...
- Metadata improvements through zbMath Open API



# The Geodesic Project

## *A larger scope*

- EuDML borders:
  - Partner's collections out of European Union
  - Metadata through OAI-PMH harvesting
- Geodesic's scope is worldwide, e.g.
  - project Euclid
  - Math-net.ru
  - J-stage?
  - Math. Soc. publications like AustMS, CMS. . .
- Sources: reliable, reasonably sustainable, not-for-profit but not necessarily institutional partners
  - Hand-made web sites (like TAC, Erdős' Œuvres. . .)
  - OJS powered journals (Ars Math. . . .)
  - Overlay journals (episciences, scholastica. . .)



# The Geodesic Project

## The methods

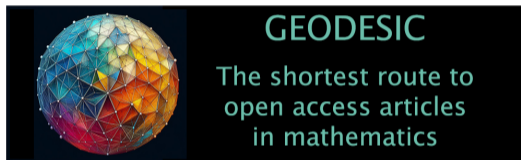
### Pragmatic content acquisition

- Publication websites crawling/scraping
- + Calls to source's APIs (including OAI-PMH)
- + Metadata improvements through zbMath Open API, Crossref API, etc.
- Automated periodic updates from trusted sources
- A local copy of PDFs is stored in certain cases, to secure the collection, but not exposed publicly unless a “triggering event” occurs





# The prototype Home screen



Geodesic, the Mathdoc digital mathematics library, is currently indexing 261139 articles from 12 sources

Browse by

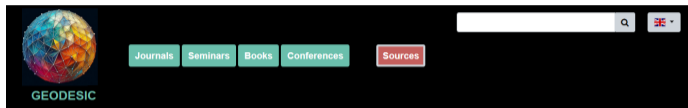
- Journals
- Seminars
- Books
- Conferences

Search

# The prototype

## Sources



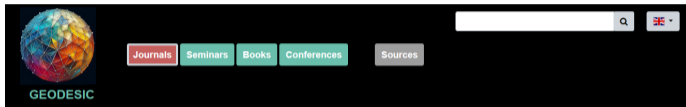
### Sources

<a href="#">Annals of Mathematics Princeton University</a>	789 Articles in 1 Journal
<a href="#">Ars Inveniendi Analytica website</a>	21 Articles in 1 Journal
<a href="#">Ars Mathematica Contemporanea website</a>	739 Articles in 1 Journal
<a href="#">Biblioteca Digitale Italiana di Matematica</a>	9010 Articles in 6 Journals
<a href="#">Czech Digital Mathematics Library</a>	28867 Articles in 15 Journals
<a href="#">Discrete Analysis website</a>	137 Articles in 1 Journal
<a href="#">Electronic Library of Mathematics</a>	9191 Articles in 7 Journals
<a href="#">European Digital Mathematics Library</a>	144092 Articles in 221 Journals
<a href="#">Hellenic Digital Mathematics Library</a>	4552 Articles in 6 Journals
<a href="#">Numdam</a>	7636 Seminar proceedings in 37 Seminars 46582 Articles in 46 Journals 577 Books in 3 Books series 46 Conference proceedings in 1 Conferences
<a href="#">Theory and Applications of Categories website</a>	160 Articles in 1 Journal



# The prototype

## An item



[Annals of Mathematics. Second Series](#) > [Volume 183 \(2016\)](#) > [no. 1](#) > [p. 1-71](#)

### Hasse principles for higher-dimensional fields

[Jannsen, Uwe](#)

*Annals of Mathematics. Second Series*, Volume 183 (2016) no. 1, pp. 1-71.

See the article in [Annals of Mathematics Princeton University](#)



#### Abstract

For rather general excellent schemes  $X$ , K. Kato defined complexes of Gersten-Bloch-Ogus type involving the Galois cohomology groups of all residue fields of  $X$ . For arithmetically interesting schemes, he developed a fascinating web of conjectures on some of these complexes, which generalize the classical Hasse principle for Brauer groups over global fields, and proved these conjectures for low dimensions. We prove Kato's conjecture over number fields in any dimension. This gives a cohomological Hasse principle for function fields  $F$  over a number field  $K$ , involving the corresponding function fields  $F_v$  over the completions  $K_v$  of  $K$ . For global function fields  $K$  we prove the part on injectivity for coefficients invertible in  $K$ . Assuming resolution of singularities, we prove a similar conjecture of Kato over finite fields, and a generalization to arbitrary finitely generated fields.

#### Article information

[Export](#)

[How to cite](#)

[Cited by](#)



DOI: [10.4007/annals.2016.183.1.1](https://doi.org/10.4007/annals.2016.183.1.1)



# What next?

## Technically

- Not all metadata yet exploited (bibliographic references, ZB/MR numbers. . .)
- More relevant links expected

## Contentwise

- Much more sources
- More content types (in)complete works, videotaped conferences, preprints. . .
- An API such that other service can retrieve the metadata and add full text links to their catalogs like zbMath enhanced with 170,000 links to EuDML





*Thanks !*

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