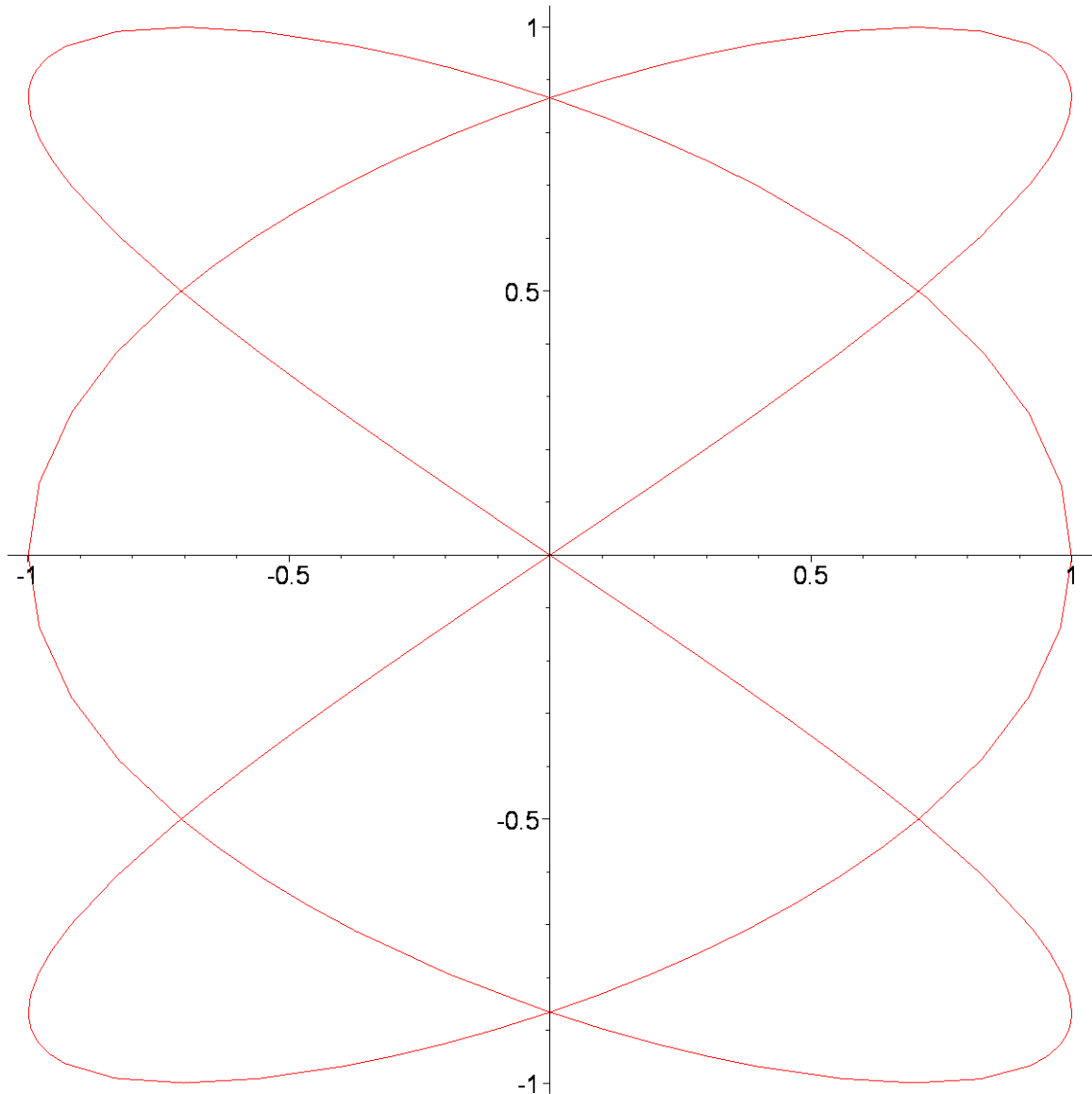
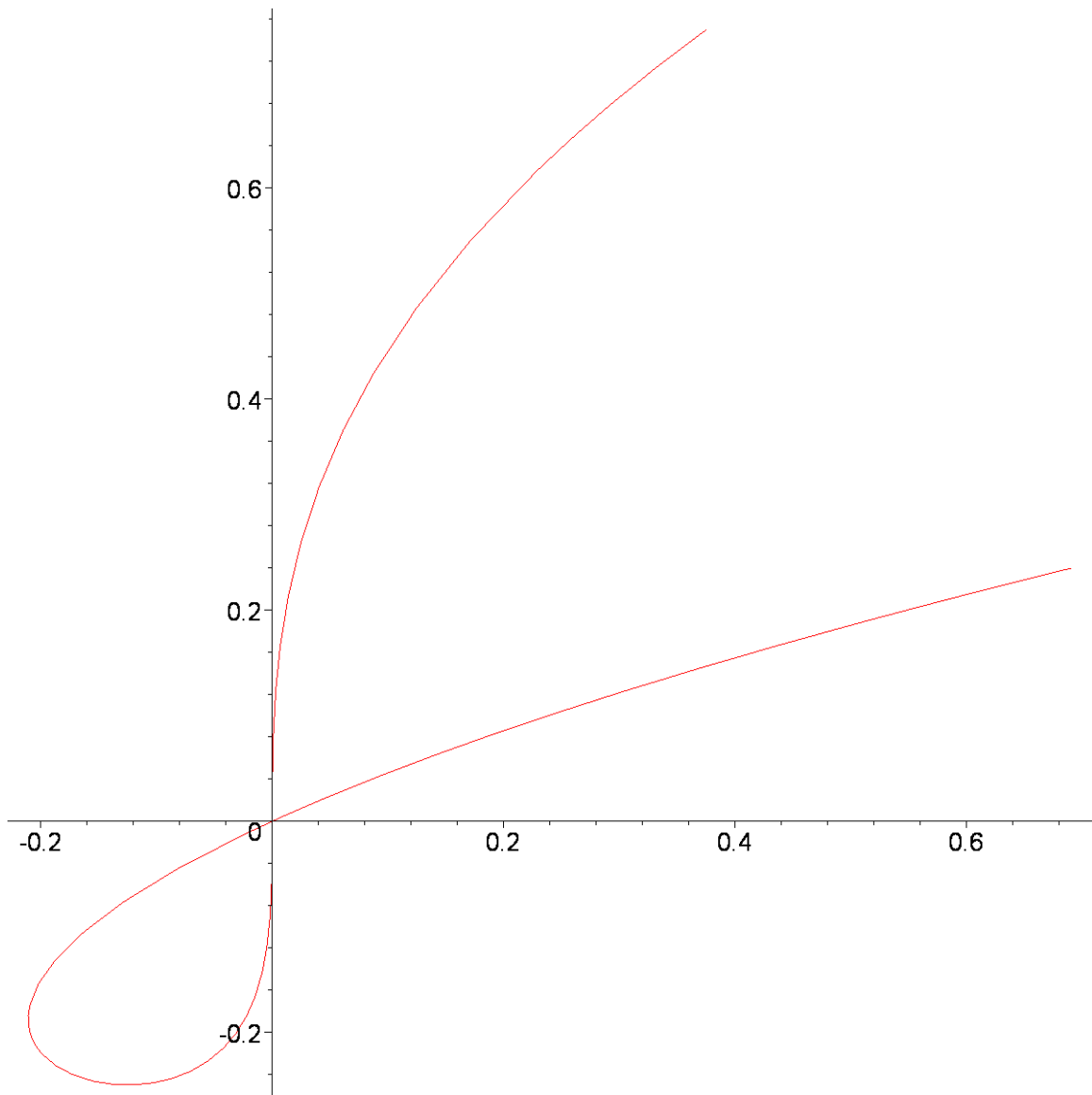


```
> ##### FEUILLE TP MAT237
##### Exercice 1, F3
plot([cos(3*t), sin(2*t), t=-Pi..Pi]);
```



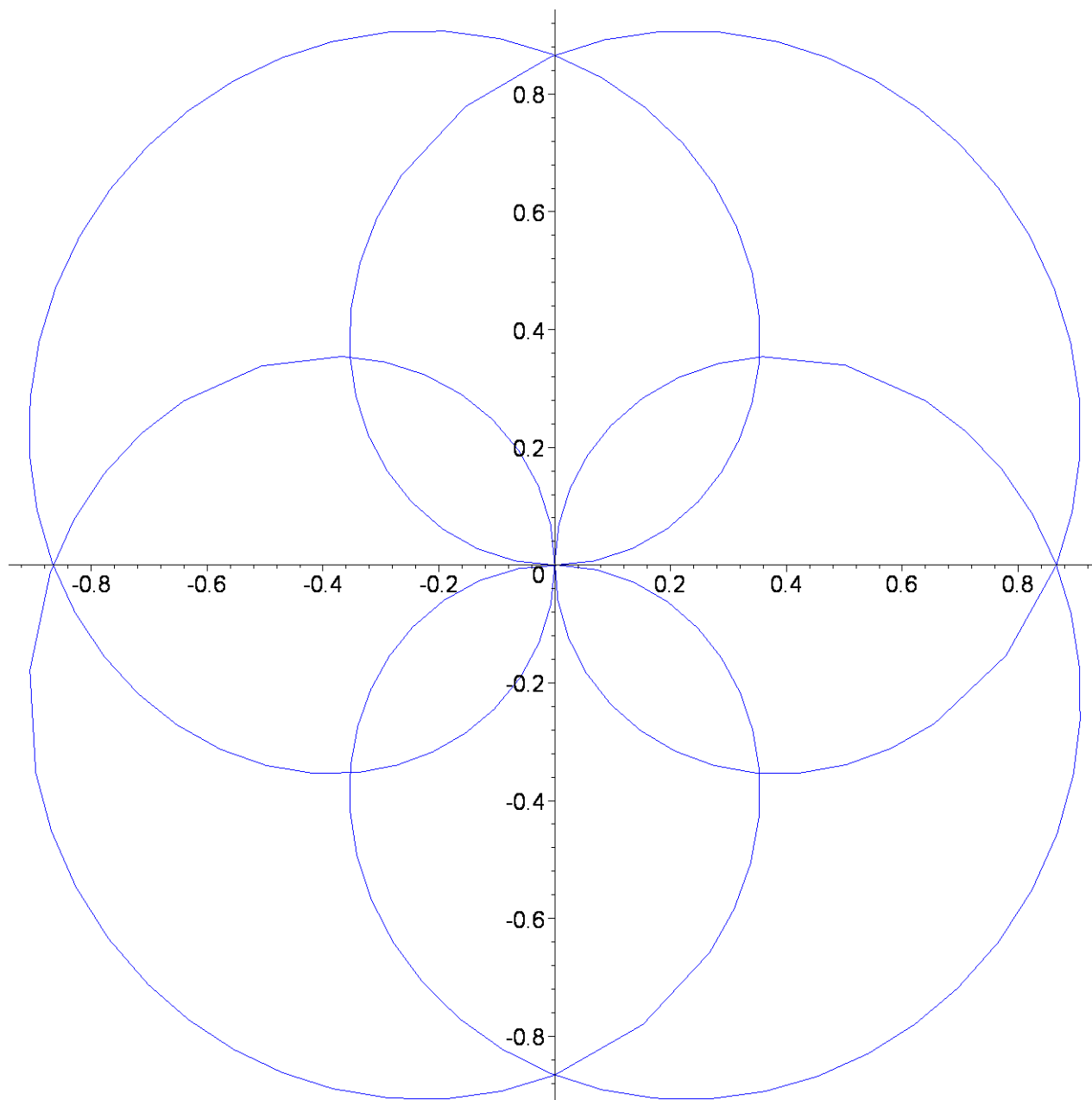
```
> ##### Exercice 2, F3
restart:plot([2*t^4-2*t^3,t^2-t, t=-0.5..1.2]);
```



>

```
> ##### Exercice 3, F3  
with(plots):  
polarplot([sin(2*t/3),t,t=0..6*Pi],color=blue);
```

Warning, the name changecoords has been redefined



```
> ##### Exercise 8.
> #Hyperbole
```

```
> restart;F:=x^2-y^2-1;Fx:=diff(F, x);Fy:=diff(F, y);
> y0:=1; x0:=sqrt(y0^2+1);
```

```
>
```

$$F := x^2 - y^2 - 1$$

$$Fx := 2x$$

$$Fy := -2y$$

$$y0 := 1$$

$$x0 := \sqrt{2}$$

```
>
```

```

with(plots):b0:=implicitplot(F=0, x=-2..2,y=-2..2,color=black ,
numpoints=1000):
#y0:=1; x0:=sqrt(y0^2+1);
Fx0:=eval( Fx,[x=x0, y=y0]);
Fy0:=eval( Fy,[x=x0, y=y0]);
l0:=(Fx0^2+Fy0^2)^(1/2);
b1 := arrow(<x0,y0>, <-Fy0/l0,Fx0/l0>, width=[0.02, relative],
head_length=[0.1, relative], color=red):
b2 := arrow( <x0,y0>, <-Fx0/l0,-Fy0/l0>,width=[0.02,relative],
color=blue):

```

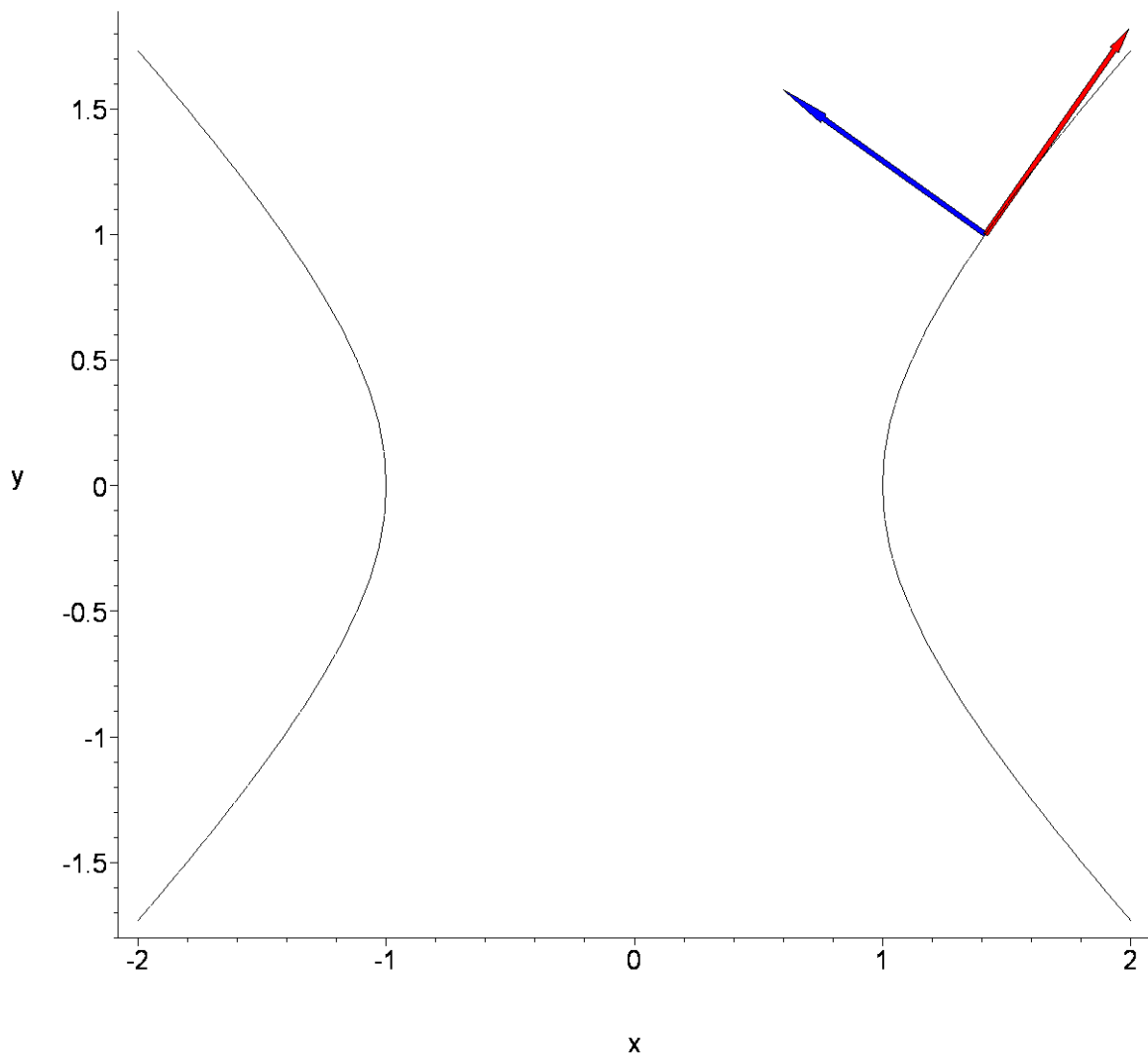
```
display(b0, b1, b2, scaling=CONSTRAINED, axes=FRAMED);
```

Warning, the name changecoords has been redefined

$$Fx0 := 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$Fy0 := -2$$

$$l0 := \sqrt{12}$$



> ##### Exercice 9

```

#Ellipse
> restart;F:=2*x^2+3*y^2-1;Fx:=diff(F, x);Fy:=diff(F, y);
y0:=.1; solve(F,x)=0;x0:=max(eval(solve(F,x), y=y0));

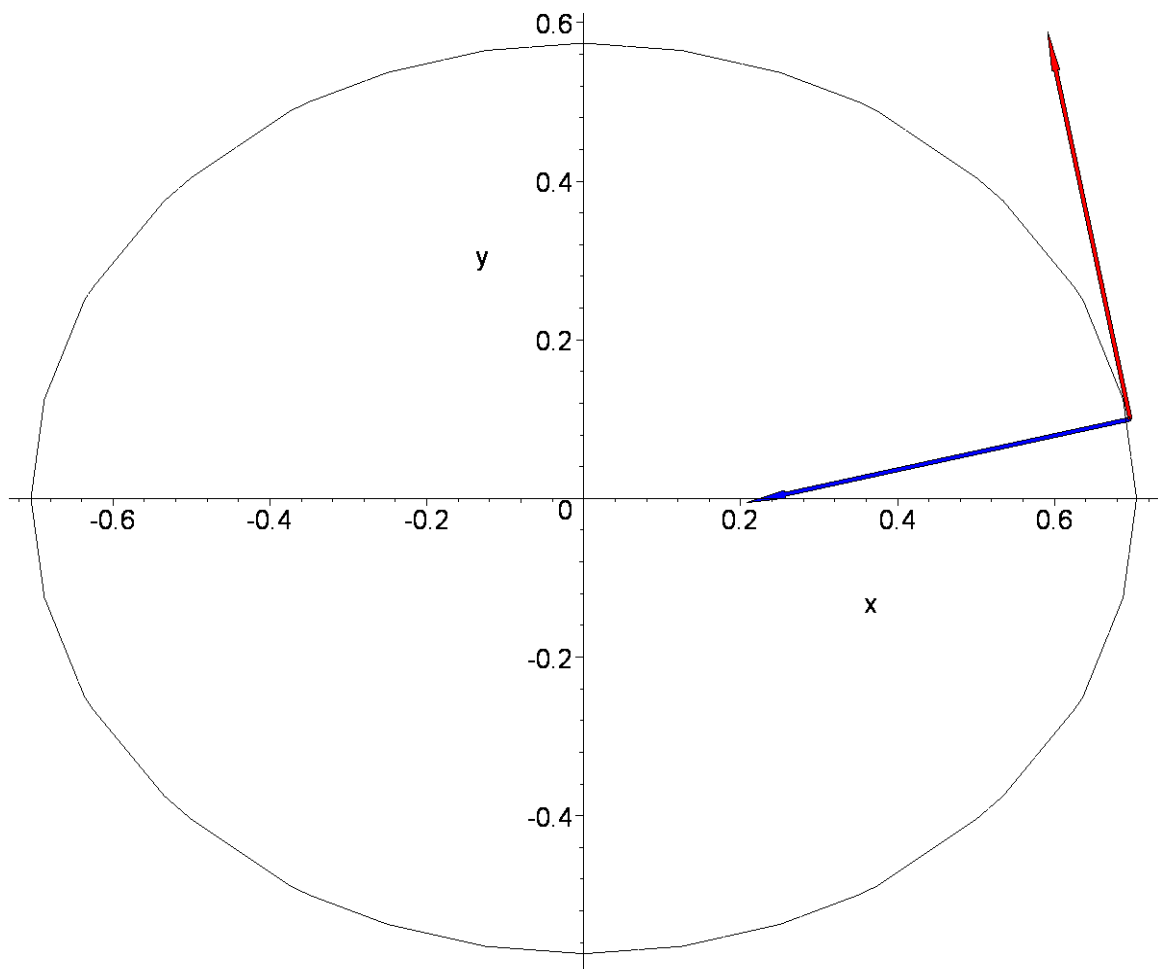
>
F := 2 x2 + 3 y2 - 1
Fx := 4 x
Fy := 6 y
y0 := 0.1

$$\left( \frac{\sqrt{-6y^2 + 2}}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{-6y^2 + 2}}{2} \right) = 0$$

x0 := 0.6964194140

>
with(plots):b0:=implicitplot(F=0, x=-2..2,y=-2..2,color=black ,
numpoints=1000):
#y0:=1; x0:=sqrt(y0^2+1);
Fx0:=eval(Fx, [x=x0, y=y0]);
Fy0:=eval(Fy, [x=x0, y=y0]);
l0:=(Fx0^2+Fy0^2)^(1/2);
b1 := arrow(<x0,y0>, <-Fy0/l0,Fx0/l0>, length=[0.5],
width=[0.01, relative], head_length=[0.1, relative],
color=red):
b2 := arrow(<x0,y0>, <-Fx0/l0,-Fy0/l0>,
length=[0.5],width=[0.01, relative], head_length=[0.1,
relative], color=blue):
display(b0, b1, b2, scaling=CONSTRAINED, axes=NORMAL);
Fx0 := 2.785677656
Fy0 := 0.6
l0 := 2.849561370

```



```
> ##### Exercise 10
```

```
> #Parabole
```

```
> restart;F:=y^2-6*x;Fx:=diff(F, x);Fy:=diff(F, y);
y0:=1; solve(F,x)=0;x0:=max(eval(solve(F,x), y=y0));
```

```
>
```

$$F := y^2 - 6x$$

$$Fx := -6$$

$$Fy := 2y$$

$$y0 := 1$$

$$\frac{y^2}{6} = 0$$

$$x0 := \frac{1}{6}$$

```
>
  with(plots):
  b0:=implicitplot(F=0, x=-2..2,y=-2..2,color=black ,
  numpoints=1000,coords=cartesian):
  #y0:=1; x0:=sqrt(y0^2+1);
  Fx0:=eval( Fx, [x=x0, y=y0]);
  Fy0:=eval( Fy, [x=x0, y=y0]);
  l0:=(Fx0^2+Fy0^2)^(1/2);
  b1 := arrow(<x0,y0>, <Fy0/l0,-Fx0/l0>, width=[0.01, relative],
  head_length=[0.1, relative], color=red):
  b2 := arrow( <x0,y0>, <Fx0/l0,Fy0/l0>,width=[0.01, relative],
  head_length=[0.1, relative], color=blue):

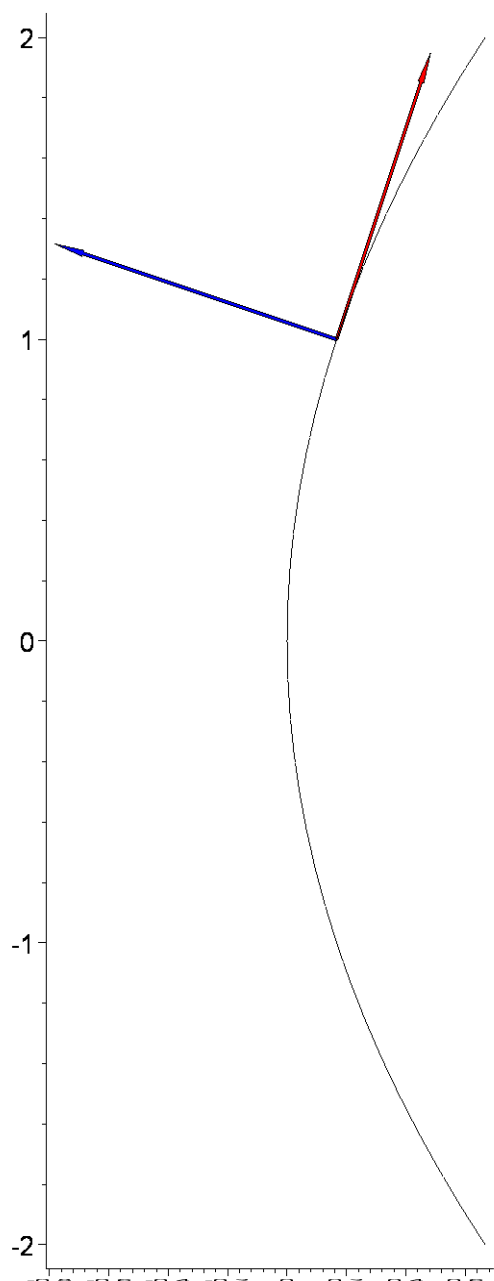
  display(b0, b1, b2, scaling=CONSTRAINED, axes=FRAMED);
```

```
>
Warning, the name changecoords has been redefined
```

$$Fx0 := -6$$

$$Fy0 := 2$$

$$l0 := \sqrt{40}$$



>

```

> ##### Exercice 17
> restart;P:=exp(x)*cos(y)+x*y^2;Q:=(-exp(x)*sin(y)+x^2*y);
      P:=e^x cos(y)+x y^2
      Q:=-e^x sin(y)+x^2 y
> diff(P,y);
diff(Q,x);
      -e^x sin(y)+2 x y
      -e^x sin(y)+2 x y
> F:=exp(x)*cos(y)+x^2*y^2/2;'P'=diff(F,x);'Q'=diff(F,y);

```


$$F := e^x \cos(y) + \frac{x^2 y^2}{2}$$

$$P = e^x \cos(y) + x y^2$$

$$Q = -e^x \sin(y) + x^2 y$$

> int(P,x);

$$e^x \cos(y) + \frac{x^2 y^2}{2}$$

> #Soit a;b > 0. Calculer int(x^2*dy + y^2*dx, o u a pour equation cart esienne l'une des

equations suivantes: x^2 + y^2 - a*x=0; (x/a)^2 + (y/b)^2=1;

(x/a)^2 + (y/b)^2 - 2*(x/a) - 2*(y/b)=0;

> assume(a>0); assume(b>0);

> x:=(a/2)*(cos(t)+1); y:=(a/2)*(sin(t));

$$x := \frac{1}{2} a (\cos(t) + 1)$$

$$y := \frac{1}{2} a \sin(t)$$

> xp:=diff(x,t); yp:=diff(y,t);

$$xp := -\frac{1}{2} a \sin(t)$$

$$yp := \frac{1}{2} a \cos(t)$$

> x^2*yp+y^2*xp;

$$a^2 (\sqrt{2} \cos(t) + 1)^2 b \sqrt{2} \cos(t) - b^2 (\sqrt{2} \sin(t) + 1)^2 a \sqrt{2} \sin(t)$$

> simplify(int(x^2*yp+y^2*xp,t));

>

$$\frac{1}{24} a^3 (\cos(t)^2 \sin(t) + 3 \sin(t) \cos(t) + 5 \sin(t) + 3 t - \cos(t)^3 + 3 \cos(t))$$

> x^2*yp+y^2*xp;

$$\frac{1}{8} a^3 (\cos(t) + 1)^2 \cos(t) - \frac{1}{8} a^3 \sin(t)^3$$

> simplify(int(x^2*yp+y^2*xp,t=0..2*Pi));

$$\frac{a^3 \pi}{4}$$

> #####

x:=a*(cos(t)); y:=(b)*(sin(t));

$$x := a \cos(t)$$

$$y := b \sin(t)$$

> xp:=diff(x,t); yp:=diff(y,t);

$$xp := -a \sin(t)$$

$$yp := b \cos(t)$$

```

> simplify(int(x^2*yp+y^2*xp,t));
>

$$\frac{1}{3} a b (a \cos(t)^2 \sin(t) + 2 a \sin(t) + 3 b \cos(t) - b \cos(t)^3)$$

> x^2*yp+y^2*xp;

$$a^2 \cos(t)^3 b - b^2 \sin(t)^3 a$$

> simplify(int(x^2*yp+y^2*xp,t=0..2*Pi));
0
> #####
restart;P:=y^2;Q:=x^2;

$$P := y^2$$


$$Q := x^2$$

> diff(P,y);
diff(Q,x);

$$2 y$$


$$2 x$$

> #####
> restart;((x/a)-1)^2+((y/b)-1)^2=2;

$$\left(\frac{x}{a}-1\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}-1\right)^2 = 2$$

> x:=a*(sqrt(2)*cos(t)+1);y:=(b)*(sqrt(2)*sin(t)+1);

$$x := a(\sqrt{2} \cos(t) + 1)$$


$$y := b(\sqrt{2} \sin(t) + 1)$$

> xp:=diff(x,t);yp:=diff(y,t);

$$xp := -a\sqrt{2} \sin(t)$$


$$yp := b\sqrt{2} \cos(t)$$

> simplify(int(x^2*yp+y^2*xp,t));
>

$$\frac{1}{3} a b (2 a \cos(t)^2 \sin(t) \sqrt{2} + 6 a \cos(t) \sin(t) + 7 a \sqrt{2} \sin(t) + 6 b \sin(t) \cos(t) - 6 b t$$


$$+ 9 b \sqrt{2} \cos(t) + 6 a t - 2 b \sqrt{2} \cos(t)^3)$$

> x^2*yp+y^2*xp;

$$a^2 (\sqrt{2} \cos(t) + 1)^2 b \sqrt{2} \cos(t) - b^2 (\sqrt{2} \sin(t) + 1)^2 a \sqrt{2} \sin(t)$$

> simplify(int(x^2*yp+y^2*xp,t));

$$\frac{1}{3} a b (2 a \cos(t)^2 \sin(t) \sqrt{2} + 6 a \cos(t) \sin(t) + 7 a \sqrt{2} \sin(t) + 6 b \sin(t) \cos(t) - 6 b t$$


$$+ 9 b \sqrt{2} \cos(t) + 6 a t - 2 b \sqrt{2} \cos(t)^3)$$

> simplify(int(x^2*yp+y^2*xp,t=0..2*Pi));

$$4 a^2 b \pi - 4 a b^2 \pi$$

> #####

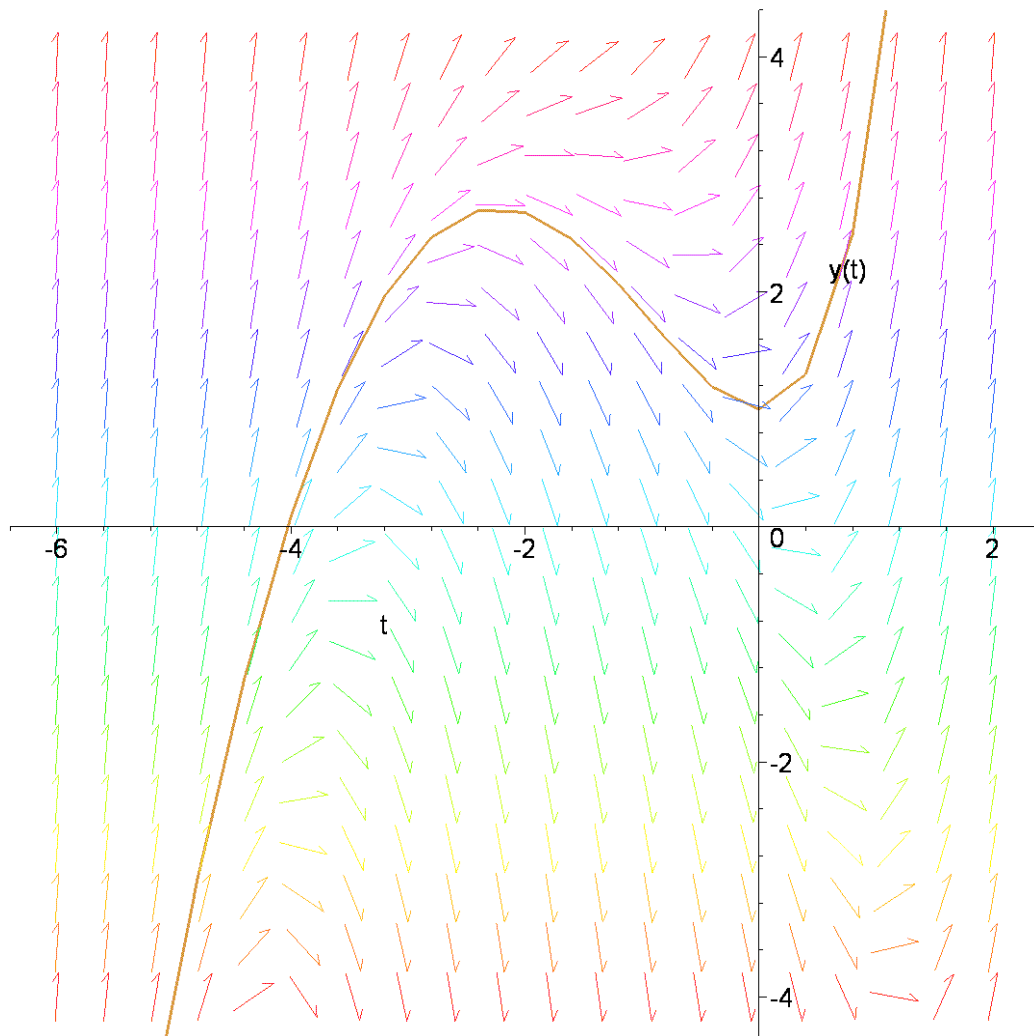
```

```
#####
#####
#####
##### Ex1(2), F4
restart;with(DEtools):
ode := diff(y(t),t)=y(t)+t^2+3*t-1;
dsolve({ode, y(0)=1});
> DEplot(ode,y(t),t=-6..2,
y=-4..4,[y(0)=1]),
linecolor=[gold],title=`champ de direction`,
color=y-1);
```

$$ode := \frac{d}{dt} y(t) = y(t) + t^2 + 3t - 1$$

$$y(t) = -4 - 5t - t^2 + 5e^t$$

champ de direction



```
> y:=-4-5*t-t^2+5*exp(t);
y:=-4-5*t-t^2+5*e^t
> fsolve(y=0, t=-5..1);
-4.029355723
> yp:=diff(-4-5*t-t^2+5*exp(t),t);
```

$$yp := -5 - 2t + 5e^t$$

```
> evalf(solve(yp=0));
```

```
-2.231611884, 0.
```

```
> ##### Ex1(3)
```

```
restart;with(DEtools):
```

```
ode := diff(y(t),t)=2*y(t)+exp(t)*cos(t);
```

```
dsolve({ode, y(Pi/4)=0});
```

```
> DEplot(ode,y(t),t=-6..1,
```

```
y=-0.5..0.5,[y(Pi/4)=0],
```

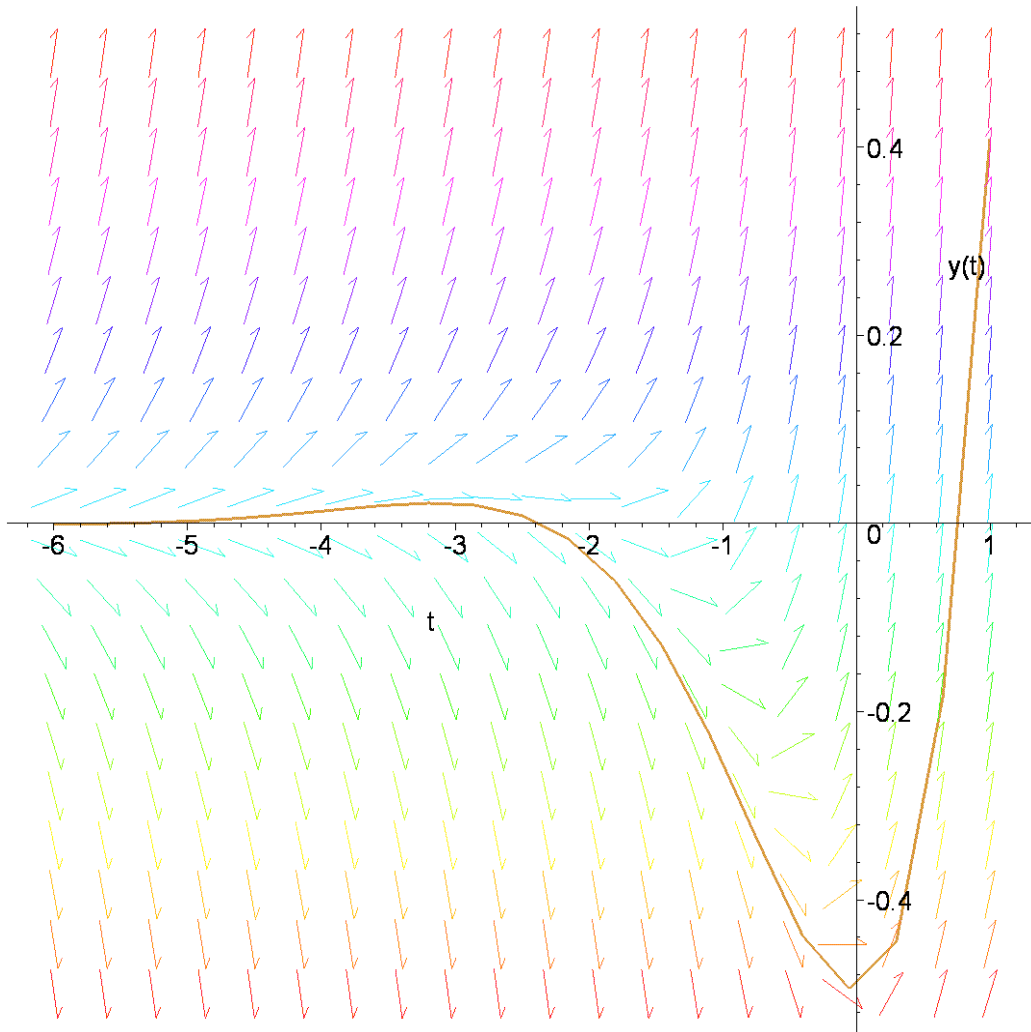
```
linecolor=[gold],title=`champ de direction`,
```

```
color=y-1);
```

$$ode := \frac{d}{dt} y(t) = 2y(t) + e^t \cos(t)$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{2} e^t \cos(t) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(t) e^t$$

champ de direction



```
>
```